Programme/Class: Diploma	Year: Second	Semester: Third
Subject: ZOOLOGY		
Course Code:B050301T	Course Title: Molecular Biology, Bioinstrumentation & Biotechniques	

## **Course outcomes:**

The student at the completion of the course will be able to have:

- A detailed and conceptual understanding of molecular processes viz. DNA to trait.
- A clear understanding of the processes of central dogma *viz.* transcription, translation *etc.* underlying survival and propagation of life at molecular level.
- Understanding of how genes are ultimately expressed as proteins which are responsible for the structure and function of all organisms.
- Learn how four sequences (3 letter codons) generate the transcripts of life and determine the phenotypes of organisms.
- How genes are regulated differently at different time and place in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.

Credits: 4	Core:Compulsory
<b>Max. Marks:</b> 25+75	Min. Passing Marks: as per rules

Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P:4-0-0

Unit	Торіс	Total No. of Lectures (60)
ı	Process of Transcription	7
	Fine structure of gene	
	RNA polymerases	
	<ul> <li>Transcription factors and machinery</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Formation of initiation complex</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Initiation, elongation and termination of transcription</li> </ul>	
	in prokaryotes and eukaryotes	
II	Process of Translation	7
	The Genetic code	
	Ribosome	
	<ul> <li>Factors involved in translation</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Aminoacylation of tRNA, tRNA-identity,</li> </ul>	
	aminoacyltRNAsynthetase	
	Initiation, elongation and termination of translation in	
	prokaryotes and eukaryotes	
III	Regulation of Gene Expression I	8
	<ul> <li>Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes: lac and trpoperons in E. coli</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Regulation of gene expression in eukaryotes: Role of chromatin in gene expression</li> </ul>	
	Regulation at transcriptional level, Post-transcriptional	

	modifications: Capping, Splicing, Polyadenylation	
	RNA editing.	
IV	Regulation of Gene Expression II	8
	Regulation of gene expression in eukaryotes:	
	Regulation at translational level, Post- translational	
	modifications: protein folding etc.	
	Intracellular protein degradation	
	Gene silencing, RNA interference (RNAi)	
V	Principle and Types of Microscopes	6
v	Frinciple and Types of Microscopes	b
	Principle of Microscopy and Applications	
	<ul> <li>Types of Microscopes: light microscopy, dark field</li> </ul>	
	microscopy, phase-contrast microscopy,	
	<ul> <li>Fluorescence microscopy, confocal microscopy,</li> </ul>	
	electron microscopy	
VI	Centrifugation and Chromatography	8
	Principle of Centrifugation	
	Types of Centrifuges: high speed and ultracentrifuge	
	<ul> <li>Types of returninges: high speed and distractioninge</li> <li>Types of rotors: Vertical, Swing-out, Fixed-angle etc.</li> </ul>	
	Principle and Types of Chromatography: paper, ion-	
	exchange, gel filtration, HPLC, affinity	
VII	Spectrophotometry and Biochemical Techniques	8
VII	spectrophotometry and biochemical rechniques	0
	Biochemical techniques: Measurement of pH,	
	Preparation of buffers and solutions	
	Principle of Colorimetry/Spectrophotometry: Beer-	
	Lambert law	
	<ul> <li>Measurement, applications and safety measures of</li> </ul>	
	radio-tracer techniques	
VIII	Molecular Techniques	8
VIII	Molecular Techniques	0
	Detection of nucleic acid by gel electrophoresis	
	DNA sequencingDNA fingerprinting, RFLP	
	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)	
	<ul> <li>Detection of proteins, PAGE, ELISA, Western blotting</li> </ul>	

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Lodish et al: Molecular Cell Biology: Freeman & Co, USA (2004).
- 2. Alberts et al: Molecular Biology of the Cell: Garland (2002).
- 3. Cooper: Cell: A Molecular Approach: ASM Press (2000).
- 4. Karp: Cell and Molecular Biology: Wiley (2002).
- 5. Watson et al. Molecular Biology of the Gene. Pearson (2004).
- 6. Lewin. Genes VIII. Pearson (2004).
- 7. Pierce B. Genetics. Freeman (2004).
- 8. Sambrooket al. Molecular Cloning Vols I, II, III. CSHL (2001).
- 9. Primrose. Molecular Biotechnology. Panima (2001).
- 10. Clark & Switzer. Experimental Biochemistry. Freeman (2000)

Course Books published in Hindi may be prescribed by the Universities and Colleges

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects:
The eligibility for this paper is 10+2 with Biology as one of the subject
Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods:  House Examination/Test: 10 Marks  Written Assignment/Presentation/Project / Term Papers/Seminar: 10 Marks  Class performance/Participation: 5 Marks
Further Suggestions: None

At the End of the whole syllabus any remarks/ suggestions: None

Programme/Class: Diploma	Year: Second	Semester: Third
Subject: ZOOLOGY		
Course Code:B050302P	Course Title: Bioinstrumentation & Molecular Biology Lab	

## **Course outcomes:**

The student at the completion of the course will be able to

- Understand the basic principles of microscopy, working of different types of microscopes
- Understand the basic techniques of centrifugation and chromatography for studying cells and separation of biomolecules
- Understand the principle of measuring the concentrations of macromolecules in solutions by colorimeter and spectrophotometer and use them in Biochemistry.
- Learn about some of the commonly used advance DNA testing methods.

Credits: 2	Core: Compulsory
<b>Max. Marks:</b> 25+75	Min. Passing Marks: as per rules

Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 0-0-4

Unit	Topic	Total No. of Lectures (60)
I	<ol> <li>To study the working principle and Simple, Compound and Binocular microscopes.</li> <li>To study the working principle of various lab equipments such as pH Meter, Electronic balance, use of glass and micropipettes, Laminar flow, Incubator, Waterbath, Centrifuge, Chromatography apparatus, etc.</li> </ol>	15
II	<ol> <li>To prepare solutions and buffers.</li> <li>To measure absorbance in Colorimeter or Spectrphotometer.</li> <li>Demonstration of differential centrifugation to fractionate different components in a mixture.</li> </ol>	15
III	<ol> <li>To prepare dilutions of Riboflavin and verify the principle of spectrophotometry.</li> <li>To identify different amino acids in a mixture using paper chromatography.</li> <li>Demonstration of DNA extraction from blood or tissue samples.</li> <li>To estimate amount of DNA using spectrophotometer.</li> </ol>	15
IV	Virtual Labs (Suggestive sites)  www.labinapp.com  www.uwlax.edu  www.labster.com  www.onlinelabs.in  www.powershow.in  https://vlab.amrita.edu	15

info@premiereducationaltechnologyies.com
https://li.wsu.edu

Suggested Readings:

1. Sambrook et al . Molecular Cloning Vols I, II, III. CSHL (2001).
2. Primrose. Molecular Biotechnology. Panima (2001).
3. Clark & Switzer. Experimental Biochemistry. Freeman (2000)

Course Books published in Hindi may be prescribed by the Universities and Colleges

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects:

The eligibility for this paper is 10+2 from Arts/Commerce/Science

Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods:

House Examination/Test: 10 Marks

Written Assignment/Presentation/Project / Term Papers/Seminar: 10 Marks

Class performance/Participation: 5 Marks

Further Suggestions: None

At the End of the whole syllabus any remarks/ suggestions: University must ensure incorporation of all 04 units including virtual labs in practical evaluation.